

written exercises 6.1

1. a. $M(x) = -3x^2 + 38x + 500$

a) $M(2) = -3(2)^2 + 38(2) + 500$
 $= -12 + 76 + 500 = 564 \text{ grams}$

b) $M(6) = -3(6)^2 + 38(6) + 500$
 $= -108 + 228 + 500 = 620 \text{ grams}$

c) $\frac{M(6) - M(2)}{6 - 2} = \frac{620 - 564}{4} = 14 \text{ grams/kg}$

d) $M'(x) = -6x + 38$
 $M'(5) = -6(5) + 38 = 8 \text{ grams/kg}$

4. $V(x) = 150000(1 + .03x)^2$

a) $\frac{V(7) - V(3)}{7 - 3} = \frac{219615 - 178215}{4} = \frac{41400}{4}$
 $= 10350/\text{year}$

b) $V'(x) = 150000(2)(1 + .03x)(.03)$
 $V'(8) = 150000(2)(1 + .03(8))(.03) = \$11160/\text{year}$

$$5. \quad t(x) = \frac{20}{1+0.001x} - 1$$

$$a) \quad t(400) = \frac{20}{1+0.001(400)} - 1 = 13.29^\circ C$$

$$b) \quad \frac{t(1800) - t(800)}{1800 - 800} = \frac{6.14 - 10.11}{1000} = -0.00391^\circ C/m$$

$$c) \quad t(x) = 20(1 + 0.001x)^{-1}$$

$$t'(x) = -20(1 + 0.001x)^{-2}(0.001)$$

$$t'(1000) = \frac{-20(0.001)}{\left[1 + 0.001(1000)\right]^2} = -0.005^\circ C/m$$

$$7. \quad p(t) = \frac{2000t^2}{t^2 + 100}$$

$$a) \quad \frac{p(30) - p(5)}{30 - 5} = \frac{1800 - 400}{25} = 56 \text{ people/hr}$$

$$b) \quad p'(t) = \frac{(4000t)(t^2 + 100) - 2t(2000t^2)}{(t^2 + 100)^2}$$

$$\frac{4000t[t^2 + 100 - t^2]}{(t^2 + 100)^2} = \frac{400000t}{(t^2 + 100)^2}$$

$$p'(10) = \frac{4000000}{(200)^2} = 100 \text{ people/hr}$$

written exercises 6.2

a) $s(t) = t^3 + 4t^2 + 5t + 9$

$$v(t) = s'(t) = 3t^2 + 8t + 5$$

$$a(t) = v'(t) = 6t + 8$$

b) $s(t) = t^2 \sqrt{t+1} = t^2(t+1)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

$$\begin{aligned} v(t) &= s'(t) = 2t(t+1)^{\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{1}{2}(t+1)^{-\frac{1}{2}}(t^2) \\ &= \frac{1}{2}t[t+1]^{-\frac{1}{2}} \left[4(t+1) + t \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{2}t(t+1)^{-\frac{1}{2}}(5t+4) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a(t) &= v'(t) = \frac{1}{2}(t+1)^{-\frac{1}{2}}(5t+4) + \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)(t+1)^{-\frac{3}{2}}(5t+4) \\ &\quad + 5\left(\frac{1}{2}t\right)(t+1)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \\ &= \frac{1}{4}(t+1)^{-\frac{3}{2}} \left[2(t+1)(5t+4) - t(5t+4) + 10(t+1) \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{4}(t+1)^{-\frac{3}{2}}(10t^2 + 18t + 8 - 5t^2 - 4t + 10t^2 + 10t) \\ &= \frac{1}{4}(t+1)^{-\frac{3}{2}}(15t^2 + 24t + 8) \end{aligned}$$

$$c) \quad s(t) = \frac{3t^2}{t+2}$$

$$v(t) = s'(t) = \frac{6t(t+2) - (1)(3t^2)}{(t+2)^2}$$
$$= \frac{3t^2 + 12t}{(t+2)^2}$$

$$a(t) = v'(t) = \frac{(6t+12)(t+2)^2 - 2(t+2)(3t^2+12t)}{(t+2)^4}$$
$$= \frac{6(t+2)[t^2+4t+4 - (t^2+4t)]}{(t+2)^4}$$
$$= \frac{6(4)}{(t+2)^3} = \frac{24}{(t+2)^3}$$

$$d) \quad s(t) = t^3 + 6t^2 + 9t$$

- a) $s(0) = 0 \text{ m}$
- b) $v(t) = s'(t) = 3t^2 + 12t + 9$
- c) $a(t) = v'(t) = 6t + 12$

$$c) \quad \frac{s(6) - s(2)}{6-2} = \frac{486 - 50}{4} = 109 \text{ m/s}$$

- d) $v(2) = 3(2)^2 + 12(2) + 9 = 45 \text{ m/s}$
- $v(4) = 3(4)^2 + 12(4) + 9 = 105 \text{ m/s}$
- $v(6) = 3(6)^2 + 12(6) + 9 = 189 \text{ m/s}$

$$e) \frac{v(6) + v(2)}{2} = \frac{45 + 189}{2} = 117 \text{ m/s}$$

as vel between 2 and 6 = 109 m/s
no they are not

$$f) \frac{v(6) + v(2)}{2} = 117 \text{ m/s} \quad v(4) = 105 \text{ m/s}$$

no

$$g) v(4) = 105 \text{ m/s} \neq 109 \text{ m/s}$$

$$h) 144 = 3t^2 + 12t + 9$$

$$0 = 3t^2 + 12t - 135$$

$$0 = 3(t^2 + 4t - 45)$$

$$= 3(t - 5)(t + 9)$$

$$t = 5 \quad t = -9$$

$$i) a(5) = 6(5) + 12 = 42 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$j) 30 = 6t + 12$$

$$6t = 18$$

$$t = 3 \text{ sec}$$

$$s(3) = (3)^3 + 6(3)^2 + 9(3) = 108 \text{ m}$$

$$k) \frac{v(6) - v(2)}{6-2} = \frac{189 - 45}{4} = 36 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$4. \quad h(t) = 12 - 4.9t^2$$

$$\text{a) } v(t) = h'(t) = -9.8t$$

$$v(3) = -9.8(3) = -29.4 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\text{b) } v_{\text{av}} = \frac{h(3) - h(1)}{3 - 1} = \frac{27.9 - 67}{2} = -19.6 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\text{c) } 0 = 12 - 4.9t^2$$

$$4.9t^2 = 12 \quad t = 3.88 \\ t^2 = 14.69$$

$$\text{d) } a(t) = v'(t) = -9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$5. \quad h(t) = -5t^2 + 100t + 8$$

$$\text{a) } v(t) = -10t + 100 \\ v(0) = 100 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\text{b) } v(3) = -10(3) + 100 \\ = 70 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\text{c) } v=0 = -10t + 100 \quad \text{d) } h(10) = -5(10)^2 + 100(10) + 8 \\ t = 10 \text{ sec} \quad \quad \quad t = 10 \text{ sec} \\ = 508 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{e) } 0 = -5t^2 + 100t + 8 \\ 0 = 5t^2 - 100t - 8 \\ t = \frac{100 \pm \sqrt{(100)^2 - 4(5)(-8)}}{10} \\ = \frac{100 \pm \sqrt{10160}}{10} = \frac{100 \pm 100.8}{10} = 20.08 \text{ s}$$

$$\text{f) } v(20.08) = \\ -10(20.08) + 100 \\ = -100.8 \text{ m/s}$$

written exercises 6.3

3. Let $x = \text{one} \#$ $S = x^2 + (x+10)^2$ $(-\infty, \infty)$
 $x+10 = \text{other} \#$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{minimize}_{\text{sum } S} \quad & \frac{dS}{dx} = 2x + 2(x+10) \\ 0 = 4x + 20 \\ x = -5 \end{aligned}$$

The numbers are -5 and 5
 The minimum sum is 50

$$\begin{aligned} S(-5) &= (-5)^2 + (-5+10)^2 \\ &= 25 + 25 \\ &= 50 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 4. \quad & \text{Let } x = \text{one} \# \quad S = x^2 + y^2 \quad xy = 16 \\ & \text{Let } y = \text{other} \# \quad y = \frac{16}{x} \\ \text{minimize sum } S \quad & S = x^2 + \left(\frac{16}{x}\right)^2 \\ & S = x^2 + 256x^{-2} \quad (-\infty, \infty) \text{ except } 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dS}{dx} &= 2x - 512x^{-3} \\ 0 = 2x - \frac{512}{x^3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{512}{x^3} &= 2x \\ 512 &= 2x^4 \\ x^4 &= 256 \\ x &= \pm 4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} S(4) &= (4)^2 + \left(\frac{16}{4}\right)^2 \\ &= 16 + 16 = 32 \\ S(-4) &= (-4)^2 + \left(\frac{16}{-4}\right)^2 \\ &= 32 \end{aligned}$$

The $\#$'s are 4 and 4 or -4 and -4
 Their minimum sum is 32

6. Let x = a number
Let \sqrt{x} = its root

$$S = x - \sqrt{x} \quad [0, \infty)$$

$$\frac{ds}{dx} = 1 - \frac{1}{2}x^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$0 = 1 - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} = 1 \quad S(0) = 0 - \sqrt{0} = 0$$

$$1 = 2\sqrt{x} \quad S\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) = \frac{1}{4} - \sqrt{\frac{1}{4}} = -\frac{1}{4}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{4}$$

The # is $\frac{1}{4}$

minimize difference S

7. Let x = one #
let $21-x$ = other #

$$P = x^2(21-x) \quad P = x^2(21-x) \\ = 21x^2 - x^3, [0, 21]$$

$$\text{maximize product } P \quad \frac{dP}{dx} = 42x - 3x^2 \quad P(0) = 0(21-0) = 0$$

$$0 = 3x(14-x) \quad P(14) = 196(7) \\ x=0 \quad x=14 \quad = 1372$$

The #'s are 14 and 7 $P(14) = 0$

The max product is 1372

10. Let x = a number

$$10-x = \text{other #}$$

minimize sum S

$$\frac{ds}{dx} = -x^{-2} - (10-x)^{-2}(-1)$$

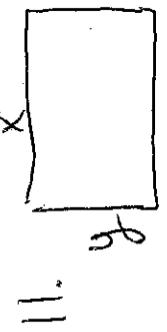
$$0 = -\frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{1}{(10-x)^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{x^2} = \frac{1}{(10-x)^2} \quad x^2 = (10-x)^2$$

$$\pm x = \pm (10-x) \quad S(5) = \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5}$$
$$\begin{aligned} 2x &= 10 \\ x &= 5 \end{aligned}$$

The least possible sum is $\frac{2}{5}$

$$S = \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{10-x}, (0, 10)$$
$$S = x^{-1} + (10-x)^{-1}$$



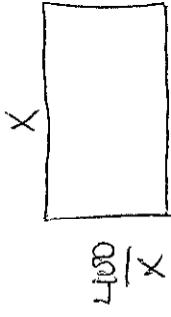
$$\begin{aligned} 2x+2y &= 400 \\ x+y &= 200 \\ y &= 200-x \\ A &= x(200-x) \\ A &= 200x - x^2 \quad (0, 200) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dA}{dx} &= 200 - 2x \\ 0 &= 200 - 2x \\ 2x &= 200 \\ x &= 100 \end{aligned}$$
$$\begin{aligned} A(100) &= 100(100) \\ &= 10000 \end{aligned}$$

The max area is 10000 m^2 of the rectangle is a $100 \times 100 \text{ m}$ square

12. let x = width

$$\frac{400}{x} = \text{length}$$



$$\text{minimize perimeter } P$$

$$\frac{dP}{dx} = 2 - \frac{800}{x^2} = 0$$

$$2 = \frac{800}{x^2}$$

$$x^2 = 400$$

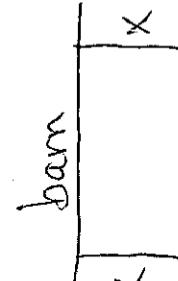
The minimum perimeter is 80 m
if the rectangle is 20 m x 20 m

$$P = 2x + 2\left(\frac{400}{x}\right)$$

$$= 40 + 2\left(\frac{400}{x}\right)$$

$$= 80$$

13. maximize area, A



$A = xy$

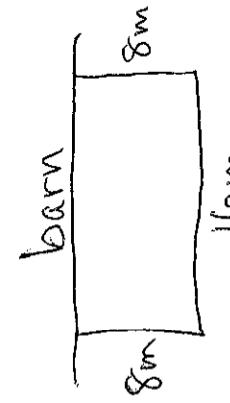
$$A = x(32 - 2x)$$

$$A = 32x - 2x^2 \quad (0, 16)$$

$$\frac{dA}{dx} = 32 - 4x = 0$$

$$x = 8$$

max area is 128 m²



$$A(8) = 32(8) - 2(8)^2$$

$$= 256 - 128$$

$$= 128$$

15. Max area A

$$A = xy$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 20^2$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 400$$

$$y = (400 - x^2)^{1/2}$$

(0, 20)

$$\frac{dA}{dx} = (1)(400 - x^2)^{1/2} + \frac{1}{2}(400 - x^2)^{-1/2}(-2x)(x)$$

$$0 = \sqrt{400 - x^2} - \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{400 - x^2}}$$

$$x^2 = 400 - x^2$$

$$2x^2 = 400$$

$$x^2 = 200$$

$$x = \pm 10\sqrt{2}$$

$$= 200$$

The dimensions are $10\sqrt{2}$ cm \times $10\sqrt{2}$ cm

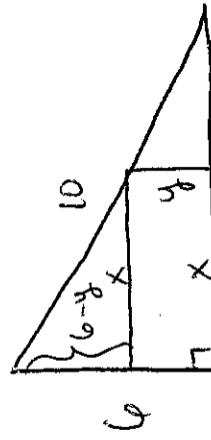
17. Max area A

$$A = xy$$

$$A = x\left(6 - \frac{3}{4}x\right)$$

$$= 6x - \frac{3x^2}{4}$$

$$(0, 8)$$



by similar triangles

$$\frac{6-y}{x} = \frac{6}{8}$$

$$6x = 48 - 8y$$

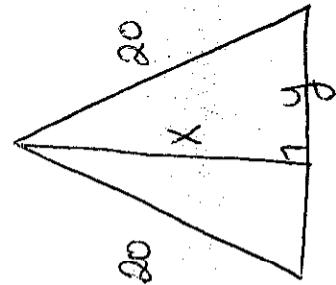
$$4y = 24 - 3x$$

$$y = \frac{24 - 3x}{4} = 6 - \frac{3}{4}x$$

dimensions are 4cm \times 3cm

19. Max Area A

$$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$$



$$A = \frac{1}{2}(2\sqrt{400-x^2})x \quad (0, 20)$$

$$A = x(400-x^2)^{1/2}$$

$$\frac{dA}{dx} = (400-x^2)^{1/2} + \frac{1}{2}(400-x^2)^{-1/2}(-2x)(x)$$

$$\text{base} = 2\sqrt{400-x^2}$$

$$0 = \sqrt{400-x^2} - \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{400-x^2}}$$

$$x^2 = 400 - x^2$$

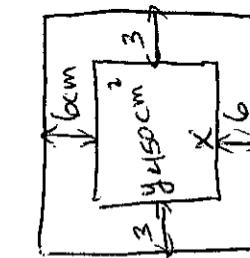
$$2x^2 = 400$$

$$x^2 = 200$$

$$x = 10\sqrt{2}$$

max area is 200 cm^2

20.



max area A

$$A = (x+6)(y+12)$$

$$A = xy + 12x + 6y + 72$$

$$A = x\left(\frac{450}{x}\right) + 12x + 6\left(\frac{450}{x}\right) + 72$$

$$xy = 450$$

$$y = \frac{450}{x}$$

$$\frac{dA}{dx} = 12 - \frac{2700}{x^2} = 0$$

$$x^2 = 225$$

$$x = 15$$

$$A(15) = 882 \text{ cm}^2$$

outside dimensions are $21 \text{ cm} \times 42 \text{ cm}$

Q1. Max volume V

$$V = x(60 - 2x)^2 \quad (0, 30)$$

$$\frac{dV}{dx} = (1)(60 - 2x)^2 + 2(60 - 2x)(-2)(x)$$

$$0 = (60 - 2x)[60 - 2x - 4x]$$

$$x = 30 \quad x = 10$$

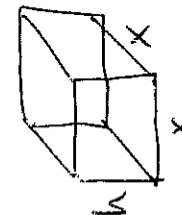
$$V(10) = 10(40)^2$$

The dimensions are 40 cm x 40 cm x 10 cm

The squares are 10cm x 10cm

Q3.

$$V = 32 \quad \text{minimize surface area } S$$



$$S = x^2 + 4xh$$

$$S = x^2 + 4x\left(\frac{32}{x^2}\right)$$

$$S = x^2 + 128x^{-1} \quad (0, \infty)$$

$$\frac{dS}{dx} = 2x - \frac{128}{x^2} = 0$$

$$2x = \frac{128}{x^2}$$

$$x^3 = 64$$

$$x = 4$$

$$S(4) = 16 + \frac{128}{4}$$

$$= 48$$

The dimensions are 4m x 4m x 2m

24. Max volume V

$$\begin{aligned}2x+2y &= 216 \\x+y &= 108 \\y &= 108-x \\V &= \pi r^2 y \\V &= \pi r^2 (108-x) \\V &= \pi r^2 (108-2\pi r) \\V &= 108\pi r^2 - 2\pi^2 r^3 \quad (0, \frac{54}{\pi})\end{aligned}$$

$$x = 2\pi r \quad \frac{dV}{dr} = 216\pi r - 6\pi^2 r^2 = 0$$

$$6\pi r [36 - \pi r] = 0$$

$$r=0 \quad r = \frac{36}{\pi}$$

$$\text{The dimensions are } 72\text{cm} \times 36\text{cm} \quad V(\frac{36}{\pi}) =$$

25. Max area A

$$\begin{aligned}A &= 2xy \\A &= 2x(a-x^2) \\A &= 18x - 2x^3 \quad (0, 3)\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{dA}{dx} = 18 - 6x^2 = 0$$

$$x^2 = 3$$

$$\begin{aligned}A(\sqrt{3}) &= 2\sqrt{3}(a-3) \\&= 12\sqrt{3}\end{aligned}$$

Max area is $12\sqrt{3} \text{ cm}^2$

Q6. Max volume V

$$V = x^2 y$$

$$V = x^2(300 - 4x)$$

$$4x + y = 300$$

$$y = 300 - 4x$$

$$\frac{dV}{dx} = 600x - 12x^2$$

$$0 = 12x(50 - x)$$

$$x=0 \quad x=50$$

$$V(50) = 250000$$

Max volume is $50\text{cm} \times 50\text{cm} \times 100\text{cm}$
 $= 250000\text{cm}^3$

Q7. Let $x = \#$ of \$1 drops

Max revenue R

$$R = (\text{price per ticket}) \times (\#\text{ of fans})$$
$$= (80 - x)(3000 + 500x)$$

$$R = 60000 + 7000x - 500x^2 \quad [0, 20]$$

$$\frac{dR}{dx} = 7000 - 1000x = 0$$

$$x=7$$

$$R(0) = 60000$$

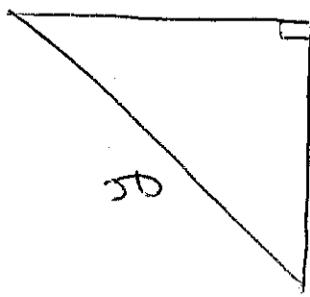
$$R(20) = 0$$

$$R(7) = 84500$$

The ticket price is \$13
max revenue is \$84500
6500 fans

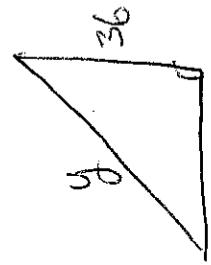
written exercises 6.4

1.



$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -60$$

$$\text{find } \frac{dy}{dt} \Big|_{x=27}$$



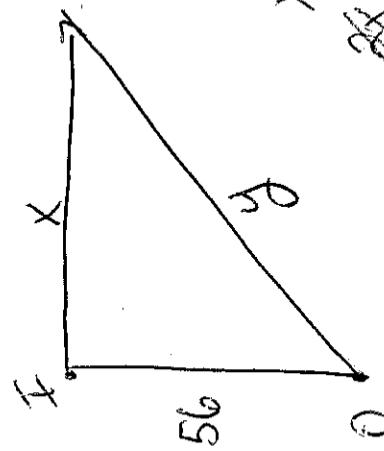
$$x^2 + 36^2 = y^2$$

$$2x \frac{dx}{dt} = 2y \frac{dy}{dt}$$

$$(21)(-60) = 45 \frac{dy}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = -360 \text{ m/min}$$

2.



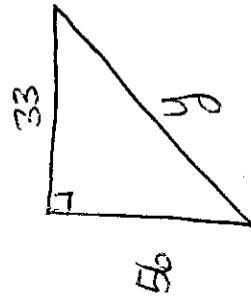
$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 30 \quad \text{find } \frac{dy}{dt} \Big|_{x=33}$$

$$x^2 + 56^2 = y^2$$

$$2x \frac{dx}{dt} = 2y \frac{dy}{dt}$$

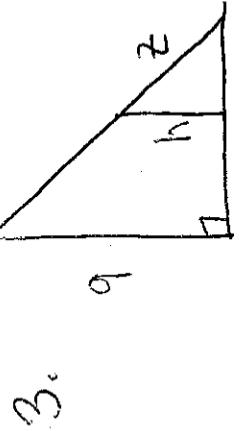
$$(33)(30) = 65 \frac{dy}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{990}{65} \approx 15.23 \text{ km/h}$$



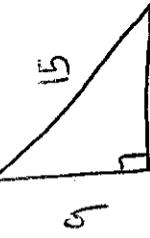
$$33^2 + 56^2 = y^2$$

$$y = 65$$



$$\frac{dz}{dt} = -20 \quad \text{Find } \left. \frac{dh}{dt} \right|_t$$

$$\frac{z}{h} = \frac{15}{9}$$



$$9^2 + 12^2 = 15^2$$

$$9z = 15h$$

$$z = \frac{5}{3}h$$

$$\frac{dz}{dt} = \frac{5}{3} \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dh}{dt} = \frac{3}{5}(-20) = -12 \text{ dm/h}$$

4.



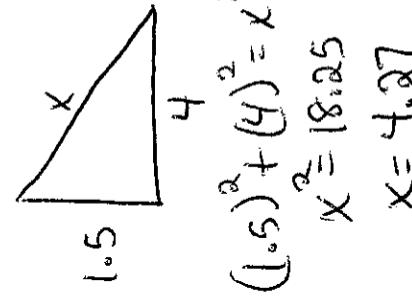
$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -1 \quad \text{Find } \left. \frac{dy}{dt} \right|_{y=4}$$

$$y^2 + (1.5)^2 = x^2$$

$$2y \frac{dy}{dt} = 2x \frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$4 \frac{dy}{dt} = 4 \cdot 21(-1)$$

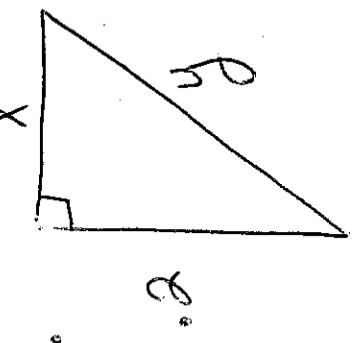
$$\frac{dy}{dt} = -1.07 \text{ m/s}$$



$$(1.5)^2 + (4)^2 = x^2$$

$$X^2 = 18.25$$

$$X = 4.27$$



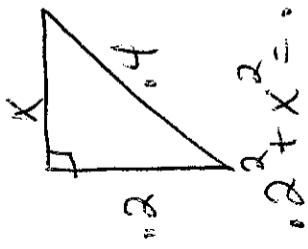
$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 15 \quad \text{find } \frac{dy}{dt} \Big|_{y=0.4}$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 2^2$$

$$2x \frac{dx}{dt} = 2y \frac{dy}{dt}$$

$$\frac{(35)(15)}{4} = \frac{dy}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = 12.99 \text{ km/h}$$

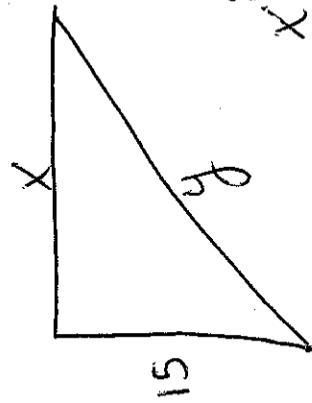


$$2^2 + x^2 = 4^2$$

$$0.04 + x^2 = .16$$

$$x^2 = .12$$

$$x = .35$$



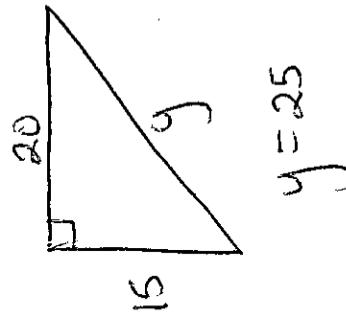
$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 8$$

$$x^2 + 15^2 = 25^2$$

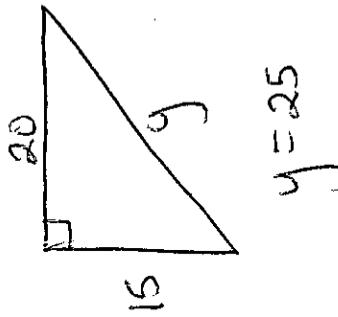
$$2x \frac{dx}{dt} = 2y \frac{dy}{dt}$$

$$\frac{(20)(8)}{25} = \frac{dy}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = 6.4 \text{ m/s}$$

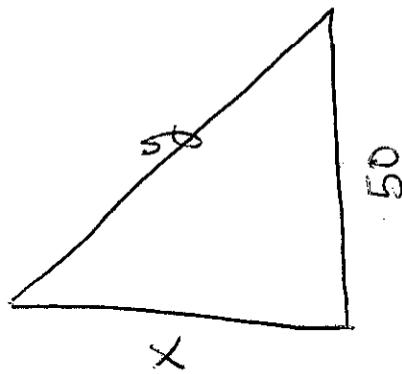


$$\text{find } \frac{dy}{dt} \Big|_{y=20}$$



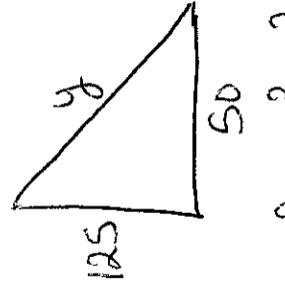
$$y = 25$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 2.4 \quad \text{Find } \frac{dy}{dt} \Big|_{x=125}$$



$$x^2 + y^2 = 50^2$$

$$\cancel{x \frac{dx}{dt}} = 2y \frac{dy}{dt}$$



$$\frac{(125)(2.4)}{134.63} = \frac{2y}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = 2.23 \text{ m/s}$$

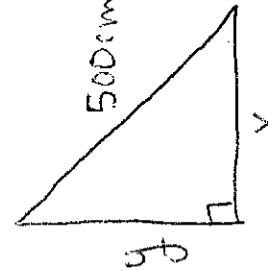
$$50^2 + 125^2 = y^2$$

$$y^2 = 18125$$

$$y = 134.63$$

7.

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 12 \text{ cm/s} \quad \text{Find } \frac{dy}{dt} \Big|_{x=400}$$



$$x^2 + y^2 = 500^2$$

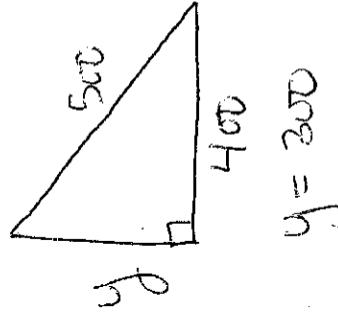
$$\cancel{2x \frac{dx}{dt}} + 2y \frac{dy}{dt} = 0$$

$$400(12) + 300 \frac{dy}{dt} = 0$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = -\frac{4800(12)}{300}$$

$$= -16 \text{ cm/s}$$

8.



$$400^2 + y^2 = 500^2$$

$$y^2 = 900$$

$$y = 300$$

9.

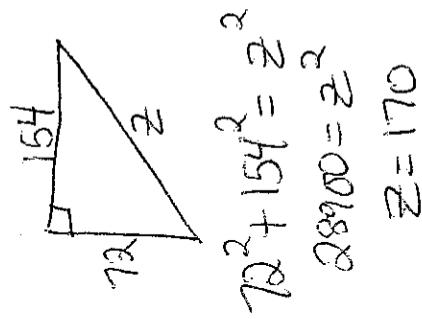
$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -80 \quad \frac{dy}{dt} = -100$$
$$\text{Find } \frac{dz}{dt} \Big|_{\begin{array}{l} x=154 \\ y=73 \end{array}}$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = z^2$$

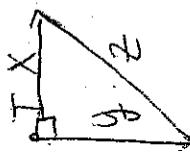
$$2x \frac{dx}{dt} + 2y \frac{dy}{dt} = 2z \frac{dz}{dt}$$

$$(154)(-80) + (73)(-100) = 170 \frac{dz}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dz}{dt} = -\frac{19520}{170} = 114.82 \text{ km/h} \quad z = 170$$



10.



$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 55 \quad \frac{dy}{dt} = 50$$

$$\text{Find } \frac{dz}{dt} \Big|_{\begin{array}{l} y=156 \\ x=133 \end{array}}$$

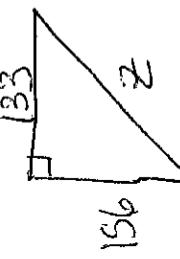
$$x^2 + y^2 = z^2$$

$$2x \frac{dx}{dt} + 2y \frac{dy}{dt} = 2z \frac{dz}{dt}$$

$$(133)(55) + (156)(50) = 205 \frac{dz}{dt}$$

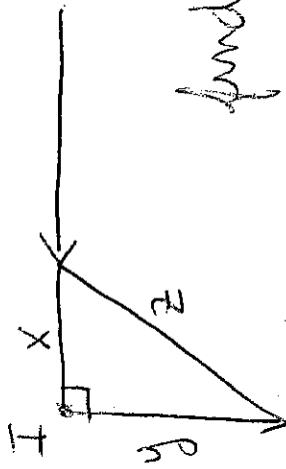
$$156^2 + 133^2 = z^2$$

$$z = 205$$



$$\frac{15115}{205} = 73.13 \text{ km/hr} = \frac{d^2}{dt^2}$$

11.



$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -75 \quad \frac{dy}{dt} = 45$$

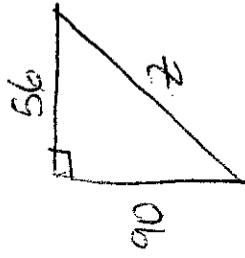
$$\text{Find } \frac{dz}{dt} \Big|_{\substack{x=56 \\ y=90}}$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = z^2$$

$$\cancel{\partial x} \frac{dx}{dt} + \cancel{\partial y} \frac{dy}{dt} = \cancel{\partial z} \frac{dz}{dt}$$

$$(56)(-75) + (90)(45) = (100) \frac{dz}{dt}$$

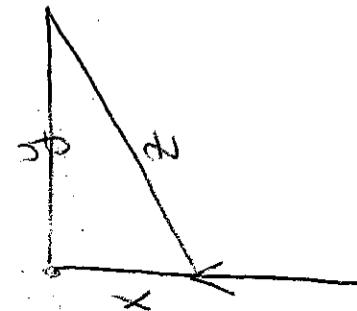
$$\frac{dz}{dt} = -1.42 \text{ km/h}$$



$$56^2 + 90^2 = z^2$$

$$z = 106$$

12.



$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -80 \quad \frac{dy}{dt} = 60$$

$$\text{Find } \frac{dz}{dt} \Big|_{\substack{x=39 \\ y=52}}$$

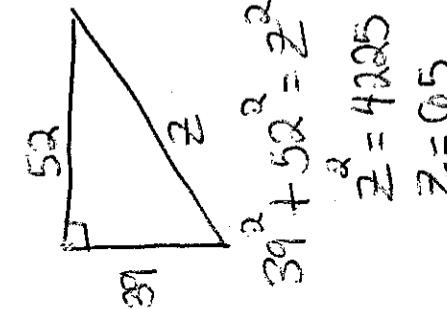
$$x^2 + y^2 = z^2$$

$$\cancel{\partial x} \frac{dx}{dt} + \cancel{\partial y} \frac{dy}{dt} = \cancel{\partial z} \frac{dz}{dt}$$

$$(39)(-80) + (52)(60) = 65 \frac{dz}{dt}$$

$$0 = 65 \frac{dz}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dz}{dt} = 0$$



$$39^2 + 52^2 = z^2$$

$$z = 42.25$$

$$z = 0.5$$

written exercises 6.5

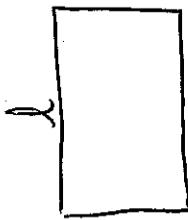
$$1. \frac{dr}{dt} = 25 \text{ cm/s} \quad \text{find } \frac{dA}{dt} \Big|_{r=200}$$

$$A = \pi r^2$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = 2\pi r \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} \Big|_{r=200} = 2\pi(200)(25) = 10000\pi \text{ cm}^2/\text{s}$$

2.



$$\frac{dl}{dt} = 80 \text{ m/min} \quad w = 13 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{find } \frac{dA}{dt}$$

$$A = lw$$

$$A = 13 \cdot l$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = 13 \frac{dl}{dt} = 13(80) = 1040 \text{ m}^2/\text{min}$$

$$3. \frac{dr}{dt} = -2 \text{ mm/day} \quad \text{find } \frac{dc}{dt} \Big|_{r=25 \text{ mm}}$$

$$c = 2\pi r$$

$$\frac{dc}{dt} = 2\pi \frac{dr}{dt} = 2\pi(-2)$$

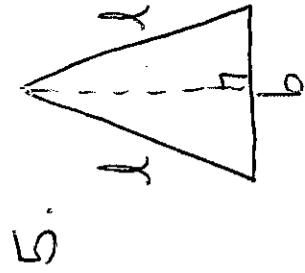
$$= -4\pi \text{ mm/day}$$

$$4. \frac{dl}{dt} = 10 \text{ cm/s} \quad \frac{dw}{dt} = -15 \text{ cm/s}$$

$$\text{find } \frac{dA}{dt} \Big|_{l=30, w=22}$$

$$A = lw$$

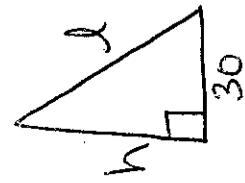
$$\frac{dA}{dt} = \frac{dl}{dt}w + l\frac{dw}{dt} = (10)(32) + (-15)(30) = -230 \text{ cm}^2/\text{s}$$



$$\frac{dl}{dt} = 16 \text{ cm/s}$$

$$\text{Find } \frac{dA}{dt} \Big| l=50$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}bh \\ = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 60h \\ A = 30h$$



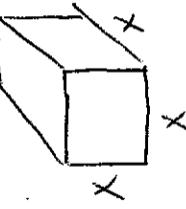
$$h^2 + 30^2 = l^2 \\ h = (l^2 - 900)^{1/2}$$

$$A = 30(l^2 - 900)^{1/2}$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = 30(l^2 - 900)^{-1/2}(2l) \frac{dl}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} \Big| l=50 = \frac{30(2500 - 900)^{-1/2}(50) \cdot 16}{\sqrt{1600}} = \frac{6000 \text{ cm}^2/\text{s}}{1600}$$

$$6. \quad \frac{dV}{dt} = -15 \text{ mm}^3/\text{s} \quad \text{Find } \frac{dx}{dt} \Big|_{x=30}$$



$$V = x^3$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 3x^2 \frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$-15 = 3(30)^2 \left(\frac{dx}{dt} \right)$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{-15}{(3)(30)^2} = -\frac{1}{180} \text{ mm/s}$$

7. a) $\frac{dr}{dt} = 3 \text{ cm/s}$ find $\frac{dA}{dt}$ | $r = 20 \text{ cm}$

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 4\pi r^2 \\ \frac{dA}{dt} &= 8\pi r \frac{dr}{dt} \\ &= 8\pi(3)(20) \\ &= 480\pi \text{ cm}^2/\text{s} \end{aligned}$$

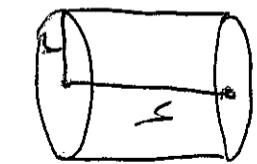
b) $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dV}{dt} &= 4\pi r^2 \frac{dr}{dt} \\ &= 4\pi(20)^2(3) \\ &= 4800\pi \text{ cm}^2/\text{s} \end{aligned}$$

8. find $\frac{dV}{dt}$ when $\frac{dr}{dt} = 2 \text{ cm/s}$, $r = 8 \text{ cm}$

$$\begin{aligned} V &= \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3 \\ \frac{dV}{dt} &= 4\pi r^2 \frac{dr}{dt} \\ &= 4\pi(8)^2(2) \\ &= 512\pi \text{ cm}^3/\text{s} \end{aligned}$$

9. find $\frac{dV}{dt}$ $r = 5 \text{ cm}$ $\frac{dh}{dt} = 0.4 \text{ cm/s}$



$$\begin{aligned} V &= \pi r^2 h \\ \frac{dV}{dt} &= 25\pi \frac{dh}{dt} = 25\pi(0.4) \\ &= 10\pi \text{ cm}^3/\text{s} \end{aligned}$$

10. $\frac{dA}{dt} = 128\pi \text{ cm}^2/\text{s}$ find $\frac{dy}{dt}$ when $y = 4\text{cm}$

$$A = 4\pi r^2$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = 8\pi r \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$128\pi = 8\pi(4) \frac{dr}{dt}$$

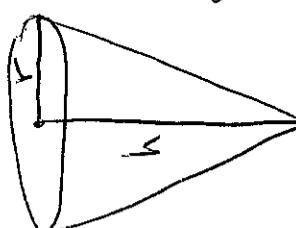
$$\frac{dr}{dt} = 4 \text{ cm/s}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = 4\pi r^2 \frac{dr}{dt}$$

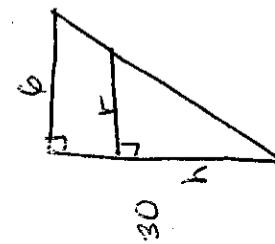
$$= 4\pi(4)^2(4)$$

$$= 256\pi \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$$

11.



$\frac{dV}{dt} = 50$
find $\frac{dh}{dt}$ | $h = 10$



$$\frac{30}{6} = \frac{r}{r}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = 1$$

$$h = 5r$$

$$r = \frac{1}{5}h$$

$$\frac{30}{6} = \frac{h}{r}$$

$$\frac{h}{r} = 5$$

$$h = 5r$$

$$r = \frac{1}{5}h$$

$$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

$$= \frac{1}{3}\pi \left(\frac{1}{5}h\right)^2(h)$$

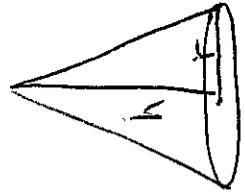
$$V = \frac{\pi}{75}h^3$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{3\pi}{75}h^2 \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$50 = \frac{\pi(10)^2}{25} \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dh}{dt} = \frac{(50)(25)}{100\pi} = \frac{25}{4\pi} \text{ cm/s}$$

12.



$$\text{Find } \frac{dV}{dt} \quad \frac{dr}{dt} = 0.8 \quad r = 3$$

$$r = 3h$$

$$h = \frac{1}{3}r$$

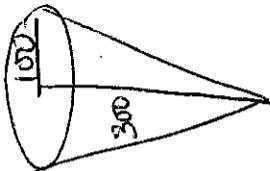
$$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

$$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 \left(\frac{1}{3}r\right)$$

$$V = \frac{\pi}{9}r^3$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{3\pi}{9}r^2 \frac{dr}{dt} = \frac{\pi}{3}(3)^2 \left(-\frac{4}{5}\right) = -\frac{12\pi}{5} \text{ m}^3/\text{min}$$

13.



$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 204 \text{ /s} = 20000 \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$$

$$\text{Find } \frac{dh}{dt} \text{ when } h = 150$$

$$\frac{h}{r} = \frac{3}{1}$$

$$3r = h$$

$$r = \frac{h}{3}$$

$$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

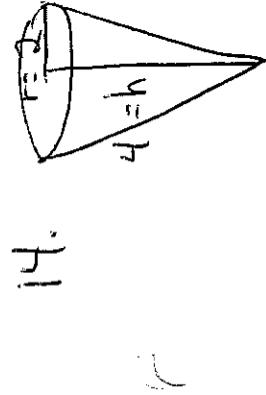
$$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi \left(\frac{h}{3}\right)^2 h$$

$$V = \frac{\pi h^3}{27}$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{3\pi}{27}h^2 \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$20000 = \frac{\pi(150)^2}{9} \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dh}{dt} = \frac{20000(a)}{(150)^2 \pi} = \frac{8}{\pi} \text{ cm/s}$$



14.

Find $\frac{dh}{dt}$ when $h = 3\text{m}$ $\frac{dh}{dt} = -0.05\text{cm/s}$
 $h = 300\text{cm}$

$$\frac{h}{r} = \frac{4}{2}$$

$$4r = 2h$$

$$2r = h$$

$$r = \frac{1}{2}h$$

$$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

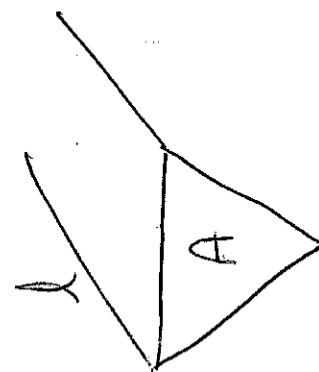
$$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi \left(\frac{h}{2}\right)^2 h$$

$$V = \frac{\pi}{12} h^3$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{\pi}{4} h^2 \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{4} (300)^2 (6.0) = -1125\pi \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$$

(5.



$$V = A \cdot h$$

$$V = 500A$$

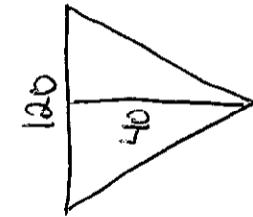
$$V = 500 \left(\frac{1}{2}bh\right)$$

$$= 250bh$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 6500$$

Find $\frac{dh}{dt}$ when $h = 5$

120



$$V = 250(3h)(h)$$

$$V = 750h^2$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 1500h \frac{dh}{dt}$$

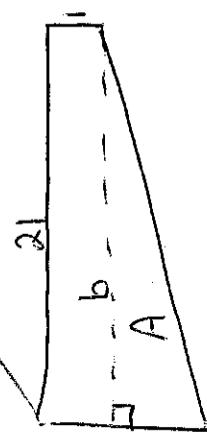
$$\frac{1500}{1500(5)} = \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$\frac{b}{h} = \frac{3}{1}$$

$$\therefore = 3h$$

$$= \frac{12}{15} \text{ cm/s}$$

16.



$$V = A \cdot 10$$

$$V = 10A$$

$$V = 10 \left(\frac{1}{2}bh \right)$$

$$V = 5bh$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{3}{2} m^3/\text{min}$$

$$\text{Find } \frac{dh}{dt} \Big| h = \frac{5}{2} \text{ m}$$

$$\frac{b}{h} = \frac{21}{3} = 7$$

$$b = 7h$$

$$\therefore V = 5(7h)h \\ = 35h^2$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 70h \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$\frac{3}{2} = 70\left(\frac{5}{2}\right) \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dh}{dt} = \frac{(3)(2)}{(2)(350)} = \frac{6}{700} \text{ m/min or } \frac{6000}{700} \text{ cm/min}$$

$\frac{6}{70}$ cm/min

17. Find $\frac{dV}{dt}$ $\Big|_{r=9, h=14}$

$$V = \pi r^2 h + \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$$

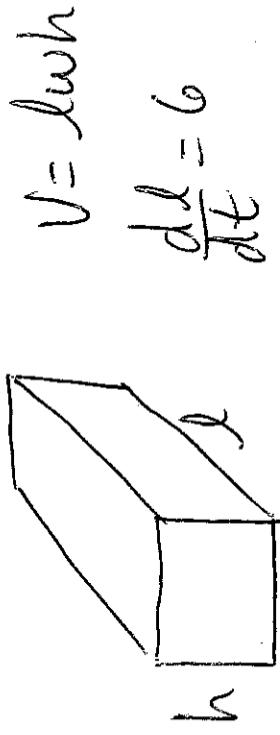
$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \pi \left[2rd\frac{dh}{dt} h + \frac{dh}{dt} r^2 + 4r^2 \frac{dr}{dt} \right]$$

$$= \pi \left[(8)(3)(14) + (-2)(8) + (4)(8)(3) \right]$$

$$= \pi [156 - 162 + 972]$$

$$= 1566 \pi \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$$

18.



$$V = lwh$$

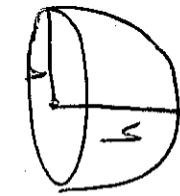
$$\frac{dl}{dt} = 6 \quad \frac{dw}{dt} = -5 \quad \frac{dh}{dt} = 3$$

$$w \quad \text{find } \frac{dV}{dt} \Big|_{\substack{l=14 \\ w=12 \\ h=10}}$$

$$V = (lw)h$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dV}{dt} &= \left[\frac{dl}{dt}w + l\frac{dw}{dt} \right] h + l\frac{dh}{dt}(lw) \\ &= \left[(6)(12) + (-5)(14) \right](10) + (3)(14)(12) \\ &= (72 - 70)(10) + 504 \\ &= 524 \text{ cm}^3/\text{s} \end{aligned}$$

19.



$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dr}{dt} &= -36 \quad r=20 \quad \therefore V = \frac{1}{3}\pi h^2(60-h) \\ \text{find } \frac{dh}{dt} \Big|_{h=4} &= 20\pi h^2 - \frac{1}{3}\pi h^3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dV}{dt} &= 40\pi h \frac{dh}{dt} - \pi h^2 \frac{dh}{dt} \\ -36 &= 40\pi(4) \frac{dh}{dt} - \pi(16) \frac{dh}{dt} \\ -36 &= 160\pi \frac{dh}{dt} - 16\pi \frac{dh}{dt} \quad \Rightarrow \frac{dh}{dt} = \frac{-36}{144\pi} = \frac{-1}{4\pi} \text{ cm/s} \\ &= 144\pi \frac{dh}{dt} \end{aligned}$$

$$20. \quad \frac{dV}{dt} = -200 \quad \text{find } \frac{dh}{dt} \mid h=21$$

$$\frac{h}{r} = \frac{45}{21}$$

$$r = \frac{7}{15}h$$

$$V = \frac{49\pi h^3}{675}$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{(3)(49)\pi h^2}{675} \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$\frac{-200(675)}{(3)(49)(\pi(21))^2} = \frac{dh}{dt} = -\frac{5000}{2401\pi} \text{ cm/s}$$